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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1931.

PART I.

IMPORTANT GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

CHIEF SECRETARIAT.

Course in Banking.

READ—

Letter No. A. 3. 31 of 31-32, dated the 21st September 1931, from the Director of Public Instruction in Mysore, recommending sanction for introducing with effect from June 1932 in the Government Institute of Commerce and Accountancy, Bangalore, a course in Banking for training Bank Clerks for the Associates' Examination held by the Indian Institute of Bankers.

ORDER NO. E. 2251-52—EDN. 149-31-2, DATED 12TH DECEMBER 1931.

The Director of Public Instruction reports that the Board for Commercial Education resolved at its meeting held in May 1931, that the Government Institute of Commerce and Accountancy, Bangalore, be permitted to introduce a course in Banking for training Bank Clerks for the Associates' Examination held by the Indian Institute of Bankers and teach only two subjects of this course each year, provided not less than six students take up the course. The Director states that if the suggestion of the Board to teach only two subjects a year be adopted, the whole course would be spread over six years as the examination is held in two parts, the first part consisting of five subjects, and the second of six subjects, which means that the course would become not only unnecessarily long and expensive but also deter candidates from taking it up. He therefore proposes to start the classes from June 1932 and to teach during the first year all the subjects of the Junior grade (First Part) namely:—

1. Elementary Practice and Law of Banking.
2. Elementary Economics.
3. English Composition.
4. Elementary Accounts and Commercial Arithmetic.
5. Commercial Geography.

The classes are proposed to be held in the evening between 6 and 7-30 in two periods of 45 minutes each to enable the employees of Banks to attend them, there being two classes a week in each subject. Two members from among the existing staff of the Institute who handle these classes are recommended to be given a monthly allowance of Rs. 20 each for the first year and Rs. 30 each for the second and subsequent years, the fees being levied in eight instalments of Rs. 4 each for Part I and Rs. 6 each for Part II. The extra cost involved is estimated at only Rs. 80 for the first year and the expenditure is expected to be more than offset by the fee income during the second and subsequent years.

Government are pleased to sanction the proposals of the Director of Public Instruction. The necessary provision for the payment of allowances to the two teachers will be made in the Education Budget for 1932-33.

R. RANGA RAO,
Chief Secretary to Government.

Freeships in the College and High School Classes.

READ—

Government Order No. E. 1720-4—Edn. 354-21-10, dated 6th September 1922, passing orders in regard to the grant of free studentships in Schools and Colleges and fixing the percentage of freeships to be granted in the University Entrance and High School Classes at 25 and 20 respectively of the total strength, exclusive of scholarship-holders.

2. Para 2 of G. O. No. E. 5606-7—Edn. 149-24-9, dated 6th April 1926, reserving for separate orders the question whether fee concessions granted to the pupils of the Mahomedan and Hindustani Rajaput communities should or should not be taken into account in calculating the percentages prescribed in the Government Order of 6th September 1922, read above.

3. Letter No. 994, dated 14th May 1927, from the Secretary, Board of Education, Mysore, forwarding the opinion of the Board in the matter.

4. Letter No. 1255, dated 10th July 1931, from the Registrar, Mysore University, on the subject.

5. Correspondence ending with letter No. D. 3-762—27-28, dated 7th September 1931, from the Director of Public Instruction in Mysore, furnishing his views in the matter.

ORDER NO. E. 2290-93—EDN. 149-24-20, DATED 15TH DECEMBER 1931.

In the Government Order of 6th September 1922 read above, it has been laid down that after deducting the number of scholarship-holders from the total strength of a class, the number of freeships to be awarded will be as noted below:—

1.	University Class (including the Engineering College)	.. 30% of the remaining number
2.	Intermediate Class (old University Entrance)	.. 25 "
3.	High School Classes ..	.. 20 "

At present, the freeships and half-freeships granted under various Government Orders to the students of the Komar, Ursu, Muslim and Rajput communities and to girls, are also included in calculating the above percentage. The Board of Education is of opinion that all freeships and half-freeships should be excluded from the calculation of the percentage of freeships allowable in any class. The Director of Public Instruction is of opinion that the number of full-freeships awarded to the Depressed Classes, the Ursu and Komar pupils, the children and dependents of military men and to girls studying in boys' schools should be excluded, but not the half-freeships granted to Muslims, Hindustani Rajputs and the children of Mahrattas in military service. The University is also of the same opinion. Government are pleased to approve the proposal of the Director of Public Instruction concurred in by the University.

2. The Board was also consulted on a scheme for the regulation of the award of freeships and scholarships, on a uniform basis of poverty. They recommend the continuance of the existing system with certain modifications. The Director of Public Instruction, however, states that the recommendations of the Board are practically in operation at present and that no change is necessary. As regards the publication every year of a statistical statement of the award of freeships to different communities in each school suggested by the Board, the Director states that such a statement is being prepared every year and will be published if so ordered.

Government are pleased to direct accordingly.

R. RANGA RAO,
Chief Secretary to Government.

Duty, Personal and other Allowances.

READ—

Government Order No. Fl. 2320-70—S. & A. 123-31-1, dated the 2nd October 1931, passing orders on the proposals of the Retrenchment Committee in regard to Duty, Local and other allowances granted to Officers of the several Departments.

2. Government Order No. Fl. 2563-2610—S. & A. 123-31-3, dated the 7th October 1931, directing some additions and amendments to be made to the list of allowances annexed to the order read above.

3. Government Order No. Fl. 2833-36—S. & A. 123-31-4, dated the 14th October 1931, directing the stoppage of the allowance of Rs. 25 sanctioned to the Medical Probationers doing duty in the Medical College as Lecturers or Demonstrators

4. Government Order No. E. 1880-81—Uni. 57-31-14, dated the 17th November 1931, approving of the action of the University in having permitted certain members of their staff to draw the allowances from 1st July 1931 to end of September 1931, and directing the abolition of the allowance for Photography teaching in the Engineering College.

5. Government Order No. Fl. 3462-64—S. & A. 123-31-12, dated the 20th November 1931, passing orders on cases of allowances drawn by certain persons in the University.

ORDER NO. E. 2228-31—UNI. 57-31-21, DATED 10TH DECEMBER 1931.

While passing orders of the 2nd October 1931, the question of the continuance or otherwise of the personal and other allowances of non-gazetted officers was reserved for separate orders. The necessity for the continuance of such allowances granted to certain officers of the Education Department and the University has since been examined and after careful consideration, Government are pleased to pass orders in respect of them as indicated against each item in the statement appended. The cases of certain Pandits are reserved for further consideration.

R. RANGA RAO,
Chief Secretary to Government.

ANNEXURE.

List of Personal, Duty and other Allowances.

Name of the Institution or person	Designation	Allowances				Orders
		Personal	Duty	Local	Part-time	
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Mr. K. Devanathachar ..	Assistant Professor	25	...	..	..	Continued.
Sri Abhayambal ..	Do ..	50	..	..	..	Do
Mr. Tampiran ...	Do ..	50	..	..	..	Do
,, K. S. Krishnaswamier.	Sub-Engineer, School of Engineering.	50	..	..	..	Do
,, N. Narasimhamurti ..	Librarian ..	25	..	..	..	Do as it is both a personal and duty allowance.
	Tamil Pandit ..	15	..	..	..	Do
	Telugu ,, ...	35 (1) 25 (2)	...	..	..	(1) Personal allowance continued. (2) Duty allowance abolished.

ANNEXURE—*concld.*

e of the Institution or person	Designation	Allowance				Orders
		Personal	Duty	Local	Part-time	
: University Office ..	Head Accountant.	..	..	50	..	Should be limited to the Deputation allowance admissible under the rules.
	Accountant ..	..	13/6	...	..	Do
l College ..	Mechanic ..	...	20	..	..	Continued.
ering College ...	Photography Instructor.	..	...	...	25	Abolished.
	Smithy Instructor.	..	..	...	10	Continued.
	Clerk ..	..	...	..	7/8	Abolished.
ant ..	Do ...	..	..	..	(10) (5)	Do
l College ..	Demonstractor ..	..	6 (25)	..	..	Do
ediate College, galore.	Foreman ..	5	...	...	..	Continued.
ediate College, ioga.	Clerk ..	..	10	...	..	Abolished.
ediate College, amkur.	Do ..	..	10	..	..	Do

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT.

Administration of the Civil Veterinary Department for 1930-31.

etter No. Per. 45—C. V. 31-32, dated the 29th September 1931, from the Director of Agriculture ore submitting the Annual Report of the Civil Veterinary Department for the year 1930-31.

ORDER NO. D. 3073-3134—C. V. 22-31-2, DATED 17TH DECEMBER 1931.

Recorded.

2. *Administration.*—Major R. W. Simpson continued to be Superintendent g the year.

3. *Veterinary Dispensaries.*—The number of Veterinary Dispensaries which stood in the previous year increased by three. These consist of three City Hospitals, ural Dispensaries and 55 Taluk Dispensaries. There is an increasing demand the Taluks for the opening of new Dispensaries but owing to financial stringency, not been possible to meet this demand. Government are glad to note that institutions are growing in popularity and they recognise the need for more nsaries which will have to be provided as funds become available. It is gratifying e that buildings in a few cases for these institutions are being constructed ilanthropic gentlemen and Government hope that financial aid in this manner e available in a larger measure.

4. *Contagious Diseases.*—It is satisfactory to note that outbreaks of Rinderpest ued to be on the decline during 1930-31, the number of outbreaks being 536 as st 995 in the last year. Serum simultaneous method of inoculation is reported e proved very effective not a single animal which had been inoculated in this having had an outbreak of the disease. It is noted that mortality due to rpest in the State in 1930-31 was 4,239 as against 8,590 in 1929-30, almost 50

per cent less than in the previous year. This mortality figure is said to be the lowest registered for many years. Though the co-operation of District Magistrates in stopping a number of cattle fairs in places where Rinderpest among cattle was prevailing, contributed to an appreciable extent to bring about this result, it is reported that the inoculation campaign vigorously carried out is also greatly responsible for it. It is urged in this connection that movement of cattle from and through infected areas largely accounts for a large number of outbreaks and that if the proposed rules for the control of cattle fairs be brought into force soon, such outbreaks can be reduced still further. Government have these rules under their consideration and hope to issue early orders in the matter.

The total number of outbreaks of other less important contagious diseases registered at the commencement of the year amounted to 7,610 as compared with 6,703 in the year previous. The number of outbreaks attended to personally by the Departmental staff was more than in last year, being 3,650 as against 3,311 last year, but the number of inoculations against Black Quarter, Haemorrhagic Septicaemia and Anthrax was slightly less being 68,438 as against 71,000 last year. Government hope that the Departmental Staff will be able to pay personal attention in a larger number of outbreaks so that the deaths from these diseases may be reduced to a minimum. Inoculation campaigns also should be undertaken more vigorously.

5. *Tours.*—Though the touring of the Departmental staff was very much restricted in the latter part of the year on account of financial considerations, 43,504 scrub bulls were castrated, 39,903 cases were treated and 1,018 surgical operations were performed as against 29,649 castrations, treatment of 29,313 cases and 892 surgical operations during the year previous. The increase in the number of Hospitals has to some extent contributed towards this result.

6. *Scientific Section.*—The officers of this Section were able to diagnose a case of Bovine Lympangitis in a village in the area under the charge of the Veterinary Inspector, Hunsur, the first of its kind detected in the State. The work on Johnes Disease, Yedairoga, Anthrax, Sheep-pox and Parasitic Diarrhoea was continued during the year and it is hoped that it will be possible to make further investigation of live stock diseases after the Institute is located in the new buildings.

7. *Cattle Fairs.*—Only 53 cattle fairs were held during the year and the Departmental staff attended to as many as 51 fairs. Temporary Dispensaries were opened and castration demonstrations were also held as far as possible.

8. *Conferences and Meetings.*—The Seventh Session of the Conference of the All India Veterinary Association was held at Bangalore, in December 1930 in the Daly Memorial Hall for three days. *Rajakaryaprasakta Diwan Bahadur* M. N. Krishna Rao, Officiating Dewan of Mysore, opened the Session and Col. A. Olver, C.B., C.M.G., Expert Adviser in Animal Husbandry to the Government of India, presided. Various problems concerning animal diseases were discussed and it is noted that the Department benefited by the deliberations of the Conference.

The Annual Departmental Conference was held last May and the third meeting of the Mysore Veterinary Medical Association was held soon after.

Government are pleased to record their appreciation of the services of Major Simpson under whom the Department made considerable progress and attained the present standard of efficiency.

B. T. KESAVA IYENGAR,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

Conveyance Allowances.

READ—

Government Order No. 6844-5—G. G. 45-26-5, dated the 18th February 1927, sanctioning the grant of a conveyance allowance of Rs. 20 per mensem with effect from 1st August 1926 to Mr. A. Rama Rao, Assistant in the Gardens Department.

2. Government Order No. I. C. 4649-50—G. M. 129-23-2, dated the 14th January 1925, revising the establishment of the Gardens Department and among other things, sanctioning the grant of a conveyance allowance of Rs. 7-8-0 per mensem to the Supervisor under the "Technical Establishment" in the Department.

3. Government Order No. I. C. 5040-1—A. & E. 153-25-4, dated the 25th January 1926, sanctioning the grant of a conveyance allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem to the Curator, Mysore Gardens.

4. Government Order No. Fl. 466-540—S. & A. 22-31-2, dated the 16th July 1931, revising the rates and rules of Travelling Allowance and directing among other things that the maximum rate of a bicycle allowance of Rs. 7-8-0 be reduced to Rs. 5 per mensem.

5. Correspondence ending with letter No. 880, dated the 14th October 1931, from the Director of Horticulture, furnishing his opinion on the scope for the revision of the allowances drawn by the officers of the Department.

ORDER NO. E. 2126-7—G. G. 71-30-19, DATED 2ND DECEMBER 1931.

Regarding the conveyance allowance granted to the Assistant in the Gardens Department in the first of the Government Orders read above, the Director states that, as the services of the incumbent have been lent to the Palace Department and his post kept vacant, the conveyance allowance of Rs. 20 per mensem is saved. He, however, requests that the allowance may not be permanently retrenched so long as the post is of an executive nature, and that when there is no more need for it, he himself will recommend its abolition.

As regards the conveyance allowance granted to the Supervisor in the second of the Government Orders read above, the Director thinks that, as it has already been automatically reduced from Rs. 7-8-0 to Rs. 5 per mensem by the fourth of the Government Orders read above, there is no scope for further retrenchment.

The Director is also of opinion that there is no room for retrenchment in the conveyance allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem granted to the Curator, Mysore Gardens, in the third of the orders read above, as the post involves constant inspection of a large area.

Government agree with the Director as regards the allowances of the Assistant in the Gardens Department and the Supervisor, but they consider that the conveyance allowance granted to the Curator, Mysore Gardens, may be reduced from Rs. 25 to Rs. 20 per mensem and order accordingly.

B. T. KESAVA IYENGAR,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

GENERAL SECRETARIAT.

Backward Class Scholarships for a group of Minor Communities.

READ—

Government Order No. D. 7135-36—Edn. 466-28-4, dated 11th January 1929, directing that the distribution of Backward Class Scholarships allotted to a group of communities be in the proportion of the population of the constituent communities.

2. Letter No. 29906, dated 26th June 1931, from the Registrar, Mysore University, requesting sanction for the resolution of the University Council that within a group of minor communities, the award of Backward Class Scholarships may be made on the relative qualifications of applicants instead of on a population basis, care being taken to see that no community is omitted if deserving candidates are available.

3. Letter No. D.3. 341-23 of 31-32, dated 2nd September 1931, from the Director of Public Instruction in Mysore, in the matter.

4. Further correspondence ending with letter No. 10820, dated 31st October 1931, from the Registrar, Mysore University, on the subject.

ORDER NO. E. 2357-9—UNI. 233-30-6, DATED 21ST DECEMBER 1931.

The University consider that the system of awarding Backward Class Scholarships on a population basis as laid down in the Government Order read above

entails certain hardship as deserving students of minor communities with very small population have often to go without scholarships. They are, therefore, of opinion that the procedure should be to consider together the students of the communities included in any group as on the same footing and award scholarships to the most deserving of them in point of merit and poverty.

2. The Director of Public Instruction states that no such difficulty is felt in his department and he is not in favour of altering the practice now in vogue so far as his department is concerned.

As, however, conditions are different in the University, Government are pleased to sanction the resolution of the University Council.

R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

Economy in Expenditure by Local Bodies.

READ—

Government Order No. Fl. 2072-2122—G. F. 54-31-3, dated the 29th September 1931, directing that the monthly rates of fixed travelling allowance in all Departments of Government accruing from and after 14th September 1931, be reduced by 20 per cent.

2. Government Order No. Fl. 3081-140—G. F. 90-31-1, dated 2nd November 1931, ordering, as a temporary measure, a percentage reduction in the salaries of Government Officers, according to a sliding scale, with effect from 1st November 1931.

ORDER NO. L. 4354-75—ML. 121-31-2, DATED 16TH DECEMBER 1931.

In view of the all-round need for economy, Government consider that the several Local Bodies in the State would do well to adopt the arrangements sanctioned in the Government Orders read above.

R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

Vacancies of Accountants in grade Rs. 50-4-90 in the Forest Department.

READ—

Letter No. E. 203—909-30, dated 22nd December 1930, and the subsequent correspondence relating thereto from the Chief Conservator of Forests in Mysore proposing to fill up the vacancies in the grade of Accountants in the Forest Department by promotion of those already in service and to throw open for direct recruitment only vacancies of clerks on Rs. 25—2—45, prescribing a degree of the University as the qualification for the recruits and starting them on a pay of Rs. 35 per mensem in the grade.

The Marginally noted resolution passed by the Central Recruitment Board at its meeting held on the 12th November 1931 on the above proposal of the Chief Conservator of Forests in Mysore.

The proposal may be accepted with the proviso (agreed to by the Chief Conservator of Forests) that when a vacancy of Accountant which is to be ordinarily filled up by direct recruitment, is filled up as now proposed by promotion from the lower rank clerks, a graduate appointed in the vacancy thereby caused in the grade of clerk will be entitled to preference over his seniors in the lower grade in filling up vacancies in the Accountant's grade that may occur in future, if he qualifies himself by passing Accounts (Higher) and departmental examinations. This condition should also be notified in the Gazette while advertising such vacancies. This scheme may be tried for a period of two years in the first instance.

ORDER NO. 3103-05—C. R. B. 15-31-1, DATED 4TH DECEMBER 1931.

Government are pleased to approve of the proposal of the Central Recruitment Board and to direct that the following instructions be followed for a period of two years in the first instance with regard to the disposal of all the vacancies of Accountants in grade Rs. 50—4—90 in the Forest Department:—

1. The first batch of Accountants' vacancies should be separately classified into direct recruitment and promotion vacancies.

2. After classification, all the vacancies (both direct recruitment and promotion) may be filled up by the promotion of eligible and deserving officials of the lower grades.

3. The consequential vacancies in the grade of Rs. 25—2—45 caused by the promotion of persons to the promotion vacancies of Accountants (referred to in clause 1 above) may be classified into Special or General vacancies as the case may be and disposed of under the ordinary rules of recruitment.

4. The other consequential vacancies in the grade of Rs. 25—2—45 caused by the promotion of persons to the direct recruitment vacancies of Accountants (referred to in clause 1 above) may also be classified into Special or General as the case may be but should be disposed of as noted below:—

(*a*) A degree of a University should be prescribed as the qualification for recruits to these vacancies.

(*b*) The selected candidates should be started on a pay of Rs. 35 per mensem in the grade of Rs. 25—2—45.

(*c*) The officials referred to in (*b*) above should be promoted in preference to their seniors in the lower grades to the vacancies of Accountants on Rs. 50—4—90 in the next and subsequent batches which are registered as direct recruitment vacancies but permitted to be filled up by promotion as above, provided that such officials are qualified at the time by passing Accounts Higher and Departmental Examinations. The promotion of these officials should be in the order in which they were first recruited in their original appointments. The above condition should be notified in the Gazette while advertising such vacancies.

5. The consequential vacancies that again become available by the promotion of the officials referred to in (*b*) and (*c*) of para 4 above should be disposed of in the manner indicated in the para.

A report as to the working of this scheme should be submitted to Government at the end of two years.

The question of prescribing the G. D. A. or other suitable qualifications for the vacancies of Accountants may also be examined in the meanwhile.

H. V. RAMASVAMI,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

FINANCIAL SECRETARIAT.

Amendment to Article 150A, Mysore Service Regulations.

ORDER NO. FL. 4315-75—S. & A. 54-31-17, DATED 21ST DECEMBER 1931.

Addenda and Corrigenda to Mysore Service Regulations.

Page 52.

Article 150A introduced by correction slip No. 174, dated 3rd August 1929.

The following amendment to Article 150A, Mysore Service Regulations, is hereby issued:—

Substitute "Privilege leave only" for "leave on full average salary at the rate of 1/11th of duty," in lines 2 and 3 of (b).

By Order,
B. SRINIVASA IYENGAR,
Secretary to Government,
Financial Department.